

基盤医学特論 開講通知
Information on Special Lecture Tokuron AY2023

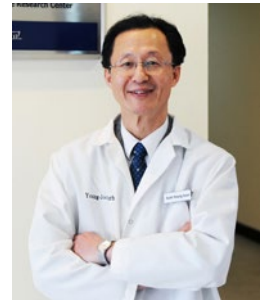
Title: **Redox Regulation of Cellular Stress Response: NRF2 as a Key Player**

Teaching Staff: **Young-Joon Surh; Professor of Biochemistry and Molecular Oncology,
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日時: 令和5年12月1日(金) 17:00-18:30
Time and Date: 17:00-18:30, Dec 1st (Fri), 2023

場所: 基礎棟一階 会議室2(生協印刷部隣)
Room: **Conference Room 2, Building for Medical Research (1F)**

Language: **English**



Abstract: Living organisms have evolved ubiquitous mechanisms to manage a vast multitude of stressors and noxious conditions. One central player in cellular adaptive stress response is the nuclear factor erythroid 2 p45-related factor (NRF2). This transcription factor regulates the expression of a battery of antioxidant enzymes and other cytoprotective proteins, thereby maintaining cellular redox homeostasis. Some chemoprotective and chemopreventive phytochemicals are capable of activating NRF2 signaling. However, redox homeostasis is not only essential for the maintenance of normal physiological functions, but also plays an important role in the growth, survival, and therapy resistance of cancer cells. Redox imbalance and consequent disruption of redox signaling are implicated in the proliferation and progression of cancer cells and their resistance to chemo- and radiotherapy. Aberrant NRF2 overactivation has been observed in many cancerous and transformed cells. Uncontrolled amplification of NRF2-mediated antioxidant signaling results in reductive stress. Some metabolic pathways altered due to reductive stress have been identified as major contributors to tumorigenesis. This lecture will highlight the multifaceted roles of NRF2 as both tumor suppressive and prooncogenic proteins.

Bibliography:

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